Student Directions for *Gas Properties* Chemistry: Gas Laws http://phet.colorado.edu/

Learning Goals:

- Design experiments to measure the relationships between pressure, volume, and temperature.
- Create graphs based on predictions and observations.
- Make qualitative statements about the relationships between pressure, volume and temperature.

Predictions: Make a chart like the one below. Without using the simulation, sketch what you think the graphs would look like. **Note:** Be sure to label your x and y axes.

I.	Volume-Pressure graph	Explain your reasoning for the graph's appearance
Y		
4		
<u> </u>	—▶ X	
II.	Volume-Temperature graph	Explain your reasoning for the graph's appearance
A.		
T		
4	—⇒ ×	
III.	Temperature-Pressure graph	Explain your reasoning for the graph's appearance
Y		
Ť		
4	—▶ X	
IV.	Number of particles – Volume	Explain your reasoning for the graph's appearance
1V.	Number of particles – volume	Explain your reasoning for the graph s appearance
4		
4	——≫ X	

Experiments:

1. For each case, I-IV. Write a short description of how to use the sim to collect data. Then make an Excel spreadsheet for each, graph and curve fit. Some helpful hints – if you set a parameter like temperature constant, then make a change, you

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may have to watch the temperature adjust and not record your data until the temperature is back to the original setting. These experiments would be difficult in a real situation because it is complicated to isolate parameters like you can in the sim.

- 2. After you have made your graphs in Excel, check your predictions, and see if any might need some corrections. <u>If necessary</u>, make corrections in a different color including corrections to your reasoning.
- 3. Complete this table:

complete this table.							
Relationship	Direct or indirect?	Constant parameters	Whose Law?	Briefly, why according to particle model.			
V vs P		parameters		, partition 1110 00011			
V vs T							
T vs P							
Moles							
$ _{\mathrm{vs}} \mathbf{V}$							

- 4. Using your results, explain each of the following scenarios. Make sure to refer to which graph can be used as evidence for your answer.
 - a. Explain why bicycle tires seem more flat in the winter than in summer.
 - b. Explain why a can of soda pop explodes if left in the hot sun.
 - c. A rigid container filled with a gas is placed in ice (ex. nalgene bottle). What will happen to the pressure of the gas? What do you think will happen to the volume?
 - d. An infected tooth forms an abscess (area of infected tissue) that fills with gas. The abscess puts pressure on the nerve of the tooth, causing a toothache. While waiting to see a dentist, the person with the toothache tried to relieve the pain by treating the infected area with moist heat. Will this treatment help? Why or why not?